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# REF: Engine Control01

## Aftermarket Ignition Overview

### Sub Documents

- ['98-'03 Sportster Sport 1200S Dynatek D2Ki-3P Ignition Conversion](#)
- [Some Sportster Ignition Modules Timing Curves](#)
- [A Neat Timing Trick - Timing Light](#)

### Why Adjust The Spark Timing?

Quoting XLForum member, **RacerWill**.<sup>1)</sup>

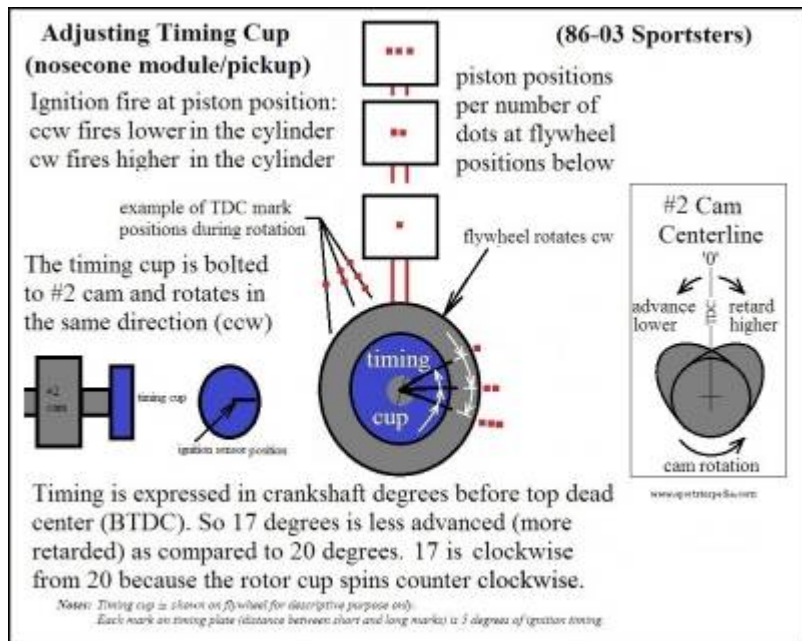
One of the things that makes understanding timing difficult is that we're talking about 2 different time frames - crankshaft degrees for spark and real time combustion. We light the fire based on crankshaft degrees and engine load but actual burn time is in real time. To get optimal performance we need to light the fire early enough so it has just the right amount of real time to reach max cylinder pressure just after TDC - so it can expand and smoothly push the piston down, this is called MEP or Mean Effective Pressure.

Typically, you want max pressure to occur about 7 degrees after TDC. Running too much advance starts the burn too early and max pressure happens at or before TDC, causing "ping" (actually knock). Conversely, not enough advance to the spark causes max pressure to happen too late, producing less power and laboring the engine, making it run hot.

The programmable advance maps on the TC88A, and other modern ignition systems, allows timing curves to be altered at any RPM and any load. By trial and error the best map can be found. I didn't know about having all advance in at 3200rpm but that makes sense to me. I run about 32 deg advance but my compression is a little higher than most and compression slows burn time.

Example drawing of advancing the

timing on 86-03 Sportsters.<sup>2)</sup>



## Too Much Advance Timing?

Quoting XLForum member, **ASWRacing**:<sup>3)</sup>

**A Perspective by Aaron Wilson of Hammer Performance. (June 2013)**

I've dyno'ed thousands of bikes over a long period of time, and on many many of them I've dialed in the timing during the process. Advanced it until the power dropped off, retarded it until the power dropped off, and then centered it in between those two locations. I've also played with curves a lot.

**I'm here to tell you that too much timing most definitely costs power, and on the vast majority of bikes, the optimum timing is well below the threshold of ping. Running more timing than optimum makes your motor run hotter and puts the pistons at risk and the threshold of ping is a terrible place to put the timing on most bikes!**

Most of these bikes, when they have reasonable compression and chamber turbulence (i.e. a squish band), will want their ignition timing set for about 28-30 degrees max advance at WOT. Going past that starts hurting power and making the motors run hot.

When you do a performance build, you really should get an aftermarket ignition, because not only can you turn down the timing, you can bring the timing in more slowly. You almost always find power when you do that on a higher compression build! Most of the motors like it so slow that it's not all-in until 4500-5000rpm. On many ignitions, I've found the best power on the softest curve available. For example, the Dyna 2000 curve 4 almost always works the best if the bike under test has 10:1 compression or more. On a Twin Tec TC88A I literally found the best power on my 04 883/1250 on initial 2 / slope 0. That's the softest curve and almost the least amount of timing the module can give.

Getting this notion out of people's heads that more timing = more power has always been a huge challenge in this business. When you're talking about a performance build, the exact opposite is almost always true. We have a vested interest in seeing our customers get this right, because we don't want complaints of scuffed or broken pistons, and that's exactly what will happen if you run the timing too high, sooner or later.

## Two Timing Advance Systems

It is important to understand what the various parts do to create the proper timing. Once that is clear, it becomes less complicated to set the proper timing. Of course, with the latest Electronic Fuel Injection (EFI) systems, there are no longer external timing devices, but rather, the entire timing function is programmed into an Electronic Control Module (ECM). So, the following information is related to pre-EFI systems.

The timing parts consist of a rotating shaft (off the cams) which reflects the position of the pistons, a sensor device to make & break a connection to the coil (such as mechanical points or electronic sensor) and the timing plate (upon which the timing sensor is mounted) which can be rotated to alter the overall timing window.

The purpose of the spark timing devices is to synchronize the spark to the piston position of the engine. Due to the time it takes to ignite and burn the fuel, the spark timing must be altered to account for the engine operating conditions.

All spark timing is Before Top Dead Center (BTDC). Slower engine rpms require less advanced timing (sometimes referred to as 'retarded' timing). Faster engine rpms require more advanced timing relative to the piston reaching Top Dead Center (TDC).

Two Types of Advance:

The old points system used a **mechanical advance** based on weights & springs to increase the advance of the spark timing as the rpms of the engine increased. The weights, by centrifugal force, rotate the timing shaft to alter the specific point when the spark plug fires (spark timing). Even when the points have been replaced by an electronic pickup coil (such as with the Dyna-S unit), the advance timing is still produced by the selected weights and springs. When using this type of advance, you need to synchronize the spark timing to the piston position (flywheel rotation) by **SETTING THE TIMING AT FULL ADVANCE**. It is important that the Full Advance Timing be accurately synchronized (and less important where the 'retarded' timing then occurs).<sup>4)</sup>

On newer, **fully electronic ignition modules** (such as the Ultima, Dynatek or other modules), which do not use mechanical advance mechanisms, the electronic module will calculate (internally) the proper amount of timing advance based on not only RPM but also on intake vacuum in the manifold. For these modules, they must be synchronized by **SETTING THE MODULE AT TOP DEAD CENTER** (no advance). Since the electronic module calculates when to produce the spark, it can use the TDC synchronized setting as a reference for any advance it is programmed to use.

If you don't have the ability to reprogram your module, the timing curve endpoints can be altered (which moves the starting & ending points) by adjusting the base plate clockwise (for more advance) or counterclockwise (for less advance). Move the plate in very small increments as the tick marks indicate 2-5° each. "If you measure the timing marks on a stock pickup plate, they're about .065" apart, i.e. about 5 degrees."<sup>5)</sup>

# Manifold Absolute Pressure -vs- Vacuum Reading

Quoting XLForum member, **RacerWill**.<sup>6)</sup>

Just a quick note on MAP(Manifold Absolute Pressure). First, the word “absolute” refers to where zero is placed on the scale. In PSI Absolute, 0 psi is a perfect vacuum and atmospheric pressure is 14.696 psi approx. In PSIG (gauge) atmospheric pressure is zero and a perfect vacuum is -14.696PSIG (equal to 30 inches of mercury, InHg). Kilopascals is the metric version of the absolute measure where a perfect vacuum is zero and atmospheric pressure is 101.325 kPa.

The MAP value represents engine load - a higher number represents higher load (more open throttle compared to RPM).

For example:

Cruising along at 3000rpm on a slight down grade has very low engine load and a lower MAP (kPa) number. If that slight downgrade turns into a steep uphill, you open the throttle to maintain 3000 rpm and the same speed. The MAP (kPa) number starts to climb towards atmospheric pressure 30 InHg (101.3 kPa).

## Vacuum Value is the Inverse of the MAP Value



The point is, MAP readings are the direct air pressure readings and the vacuum gauge reading is the inverse, being the vacuum level reading. In MAP values, the standard atmospheric level is 30, while for the vacuum gauge, 0 is the same level. So a MAP value of 20 (out of 30) is the equivalent of a vacuum value of 10, because vacuum is reading from 30 to 0. A Low MAP value indicates high vacuum and a High Map value indicates low vacuum - The exact same condition is referenced with inverse scales.

Here's another good reference to understand that the vacuum gauge value and the Manifold Absolute Pressure value are readings taken from opposite ends of the atmospheric pressure range:

<https://www.dekkervacuum.com/resource-library/knowledge-database/technical-data/what-is-vacuum>

## Typical options for Sportster Ignition Configurations (up to 2003)

### 1) Stock Older Ironhead Models - OEM

- Points to create spark
- Mechanical Advance to create an advance curve
- Coil is 5.0 ohms to match use with points

## **2) Stock EVO Configuration (Later model Ironheads & EVO up to 2003)**

- Cam Sensor Plate (electronic trigger) - in place of points
- Ignition Control Module - rearward from battery (or other places)
- ICM has electronic curves for advance
- This module uses a VOES to switch between 2 curves - Vacuum Switch
- Coil should be 3.0 ohms

## **3) Some Only Upgrade By Eliminating Points (older Ironheads)**

- Electronic Trigger - Dyna S - DS6-1 model
- Mechanical Advance is still used for advance curve
- Coil can be OEM 5.0 ohm

## **4) Most Eliminate Points & Mech Advance (and/or stock external ICM)**

- Electronic Ignition Module - Ultima 53-644 - In nosecone
- This module includes electronic curves for spark advance
- This module uses a VOES to switch curves - Vacuum Switch monitors manifold vacuum
- Coil is 3.0 ohms

The stock ignition modules for 1998-2003 1200-S models were abandoned by HD soon after 2003. See the Sub-Document link above regarding an alternative ignition setup.

The 2004-later models all implemented the Crank Position Sensor which eliminated the Cam Sensor Plate.

- 2004-2006 models, which are all carburetored, can upgrade to Daytona Twin Tec TC88A Electronic Control Module

The 2007-later models use Electronic Fuel Injection with a more complex ignition system. - These EFI systems can use an add-on programmable controller or complete upgraded Electronic Control Module

The 2017-later models use a CANbus communication system between the Electronic Control Module & the Body Control Module for more control.

# **Ignition Control Modules (ICM) - Aftermarket**

## **HD Screamin' Eagle ICMs**

While stock modules from the MoCo are Factory/Dealer programmable for either 883 or 1200 models, the Screamin' Eagle (SE) modules are designed for either 883 -or- 1200 and are not reprogrammable to switch a module from one to the other. However, there are some adjustable SE modules that can be used

on either 883 or 1200 models.

**Many of these modules are obsolete and may be hard to find.**

### 1988-1997 Models

Module P/N	Description
32597-96	Fits '88-'93 XL883 models. 6800 RPM - K Curve '90-earlier models require P/N 32408-90 for proper fitment.
32632-96	Fits all '94-'97 XL883 models. 6800 RPM - R Curve
32420-87B	Fits '88-'93 XL1200 models. 8000 RPM - K Curve '90-earlier models require P/N 32408-90 for proper fitment.
32598-96	Fits all '94-'97 XL1200 models. 6800 RPM - K Curve
32420-94	Fits all '94-'97 XL1200 models. 8000 RPM - K Curve
32633-96	Fits all '94-'97 XL1200 models. 6800 RPM - Q Curve
32655-98	Adjustable Ignition Module 4-curves/4-RPMLimits Fits '93-earlier XL883 or 1200 models. '90-earlier models require P/N 32408-90 for proper fitment.
32654-98	Adjustable Ignition Module 4-curves/4-RPMLimits Fits '94-'97 XL883 or 1200 models

### 1998-2003 Models - Nosecone Module (not for 1200S)

Module P/N	Description
32979-98A	Fits '98-'03 XL883 models. 6800 RPM Limit.
32971-98A	Fits '98-'03 XL883 models. 7500 RPM Limit.
32978-98A	Fits '98-'03 XL1200 models. 6800 RPM Limit.
32969-98A	Fits '98-'03 XL1200 models. 7500 RPM Limit.
32839-00	Selectable Ignition Module 6pos DIP Switch Fits all '98-'03 XL models (not 1200S) - 6posDipSw (See similar Dynatek DYNA 2Ki)
32942-02	Adjustable Ignition Module 10-curves/moreRPMLimits Fits '98-'03 XL883 or 1200 models (not XL1200S) (See similar Daytona Twin Tec 1005S-EX and Crane HI-4 module)

### 1998-2003 Models - For 1200S ONLY

Module P/N	Description
32977-98	Fits '98-'03 XL1200S models. 6800 RPM Limit.
32967-98	Fits '98-'03 XL1200S models. 7500 RPM Limit.

### 2004-2006 Models

Module P/N	Description
31784-04A	Fits '04-'06 XL883 models. 7000 RPM Limit (Street Legal - Stock Comp)



Module P/N	Description
31758-04A	Fits '04-'06 XL883 models. 7000 RPM Limit (-5° retard over 6000)
31785-04A	Fits '04-'06 XL1200 models. 7000 RPM Limit (Street Legal - Stock Comp)
31759-04A	Fits '04-'06 XL1200 models. 7000 RPM Limit (-5° retard over 6000)

## Screamin' Eagle 32942-02 - Nosecone Ignition made by Crane for HD

### [Installation Instructions](#)

Mode Switch (only has 4 positions)

0 - XL Mode - Uses 2.5 - 3.5 ohm Coil

2 - Buell Blast Mode - Uses 0.4 - 0.6 ohm Coil

(No reference to function in position 1 and 3)

The ADV SLOPE switch selects a timing curve from 0 to 9, with 0 being the least aggressive curve and 9 being the most aggressive.

The two REV LIMIT switches allow selection of a limit of 1500rpms to 8000rpms. Below 1500rpms is not recommended and above 8000rpms reverts to 8000rpms.

Pin#	Wire Color	XL Mode wiring into 6-pin Deutsch connector:	BLAST Mode wiring into 6-pin Deutsch connector:
Pin 1	WHITE/Black	Power from Ignition Switch	Power from Ignition Switch
Pin 2	VIOLET/WHITE	VOES	TPS
Pin 3	VIOLET/Orange	Not Used - Cut terminal - tape wire	Auto-enrichener
Pin 4	PINK	Coil Trigger (negative)	Coil Trigger (negative)
Pin 5	GREEN/Gray	Bank Angle Sensor (Gnd if not used)	Bank Angle Sensor/SideStand (Gnd if not used)
Pin 6	PLUGGED	Not Used - Gnd on harness	Not Used - Gnd on harness
	BROWN	Tachometer Trigger	Tachometer Trigger

(<https://www.xlforum.net/forum/sportster-motorcycle-forum/sportster-motorcycle-electrical/sportster-motorcycle-electrical-and-ignition/29798-more-q-s-about-se-ignition-mod-for-91-sporty?t=49655>)

## Crane ICMs

Crane 8-1100 - HI-4 Fireball Dual-fire Nosecone Ignition

[Installation Instructions](#)

Crane 8-2100 - HI-4 Single-Fire Nosecone Ignition

[Installation Instructions](#)

## Crane 8-2300 - HI-4 Single/Dual-fire Selectable/Programmable

Crane 8-3100 - HI-4E Single/Dual-fire Selectable (7-pin connector)

Crane 8-3101 - HI-4E Single/Dual-fire Selectable (8-pin connector)

[Installation Instructions](#)

(Also see S&S HI-4N Ignition Module, previously Crane 8-6100)

## Daytona Twin Tec 1005 ICMs

**1005EX** - Recommended for 1986-93 Sportsters (50 States Street Legal)

----- Install Info: [http://www.daytona-twintec.com/Content/Internal/1005\\_EX\\_Instructions.doc](http://www.daytona-twintec.com/Content/Internal/1005_EX_Instructions.doc)

**1005Race** - Recommended for 1971-1997 Sportsters (Race advance curves with a slightly wider adjustment range)

----- Install Info: [http://www.daytona-twintec.com/Content/Internal/1005\\_Instructions.doc](http://www.daytona-twintec.com/Content/Internal/1005_Instructions.doc)

**1005S-EX** - Recommended for 1998-2003 Sportsters (Not for 1200S) (50 States Street Legal)

----- 1005S-EX replaces OEM module & uses OEM harness - Advance Curves optimized for these models

----- Install Info: [http://daytona-twintec.com/Content/Internal/1005\\_S\\_EX\\_Instructions.doc](http://daytona-twintec.com/Content/Internal/1005_S_EX_Instructions.doc)

The Daytona installation documentation for the 1005S-EX nosecone module notes a change of wiring. They indicate the pin placement of the PINK wire and the LtGREEN/Gray wire in the Ignition Module Connector are different in different years. However, their documentation to identify the years affected is wrong. They incorrectly describe the two versions as applying to 1998-2001 models and 2002-later models.

The correct information is in the table below. The two versions are the 1998 models and the 1999-2003 models.

<b>HD WIRE COLORS at Ignition Module Connector</b>		
<b>PIN#</b>	<b>1998 ONLY</b>	<b>1999 &amp; LATER</b>
#1	WHITE/Black	WHITE/Black
#2	PURPLE/White	PURPLE/White
#3	NOT USED	NOT USED
#4	<b>GREEN/Gray</b>	<b>PINK</b>
#5	<b>PINK</b>	<b>GREEN/Gray</b>
#6	NOT USED	NOT USED

At Daytona-TwinTec.com - 1005 Sales Information:

<http://www.daytona-twintec.com/model-1005-ex-internal-ignition.aspx>

## Daytona Twin Tec TC88A ICM

The TC88A Ignition Module is usable on the 2004-2006 carburetored models of the Sportsters. It replaces the stock Ignition Module and utilizes the CKP sensor and the MAP sensor to control the ignition timing.

The TC88A has dials on the module for selecting pre-programed ignition timing maps and choosing the level of the RPM Limiter. This is accomplished with two dials for timing maps and two dials for the RPM Limit.

One of the timing dials sets the Initial Timing while the second dial selects the Timing Advance Slope. These settings are explained further in the link below to information about the MAP Files.

One of the RPM Limit dials chooses the x1000 value and the other selects the x100 value. Settings below 3000 are actually set at 3000 RPMs. HOWEVER - Note: Setting the RPM Limit to x00 will disable the module. **ALSO BE CAREFUL** not to set the RPM Limit above a safe level for your engine configuration!

In addition to the pre-programmed timing maps (selectable by the dials), the unit can be user-programmed to utilize customized timing advance maps instead of the pre-programmed maps. To use these customized maps, you must have a computer interface, such as the Daytona USB Interface (18014), and the Daytona PC-Link Software, to communicate with the TC88A module.

Daytona Twin Tec TC88A Ignition Module	The module captures the following information for user review
--	---



Firmware ID  
 Total Hours of Operation  
 Engine Starts  
 Maximum Engine RPM  
 Seconds at RPM Limit

Elapsed Time (hours)  
 in RPM Bands:  
 Idle  
 1000-1499 RPM  
 1500-1999 RPM  
 2000-2499 RPM  
 2500-2999 RPM  
 3000-3499 RPM  
 3500-3999 RPM  
 4000-4499 RPM  
 4500-4999 RPM  
 5000-5499 RPM  
 5500-5999 RPM  
 6000-6499 RPM  
 6500-6999 RPM

### TC88A Ignition Module - Wiring Connections

Pin#	Function	OEM Wire Color
1	12v Power from Run/Stop Sw	WHITE/Black
2(p)	PC Link Pgm Conn / TachOut	>>>New WHITE
3(a)	MAP Sensor Power	RED/White
4(a)	MAP Sensor Ground	BLACK/White
5(p)	TC88A Module Ground	BLACK
6	Coil - Front Trigger Signal	BLUE/Orange
7	Coil - Rear Trigger Signal	YELLOW/Blue
8(b)	CKP Sensor (+)	RED
9(b)	CKP Sensor Rtn (-)	BLACK
10	VSS Input	WHITE/Green
11(a)	MAP Sensor signal	VIOLET/White
12(p)	PC Link - J1850 Serial Data	LtGRN/Violet

(a) Connections to MAP Sensor Connector  
 (b) Connections to CKP Sensor Connector  
 (p) Connections to SDLC for programming

(Pin2 - Remove OEM BROWN/Gray wire - then add)  
 (... New WHITE wire for both pgm & Tach Out)

### Daytona TC88A Install Instructions

TC88A Version Install [http://daytona-twintec.com/Content/TC88A/1009\\_Instructions.doc](http://daytona-twintec.com/Content/TC88A/1009_Instructions.doc)

### Programmer Wiring —> [TC88A Wire Connections For Programming](#)

This Sportsterpedia link provides descriptions, pictures & a wiring diagram to help you to install the TC88A and create a DIY External Power Harness.

## Ignition Timing Maps —> [Daytona Twin Tec & User Created TC88A Map Files](#)

This Sportsterpedia link starts several pages discussing the use of Ignition Timing MAP Files with the TC88A (including User Programmable Ignition Maps created by XLForum members).

### XLForum Discussions of the Twin Tec TC88A module

<https://www.xlforum.net/forum/sportster-motorcycle-buell-motorcycle-forum-general-discussion/product-reviews/74112-screamin-eagle-versus-tc88a-ignition-modules-for-04-06-sportsters?t=518158> - Foxster - Screamin' Eagle versus TC88A ignition modules for '04-'06 Sportsters

<https://www.xlforum.net/forum/sportster-motorcycle-forum/sportster-motorcycle-electrical/sportster-motorcycle-electrical-and-ignition/140699-installing-a-twin-tech-tc88a-on-an-04?t=1525483> - ESteid - Installing a Twin-Tech TC88A on an 04

### Further Note: EX Version

- There is also an EX Version of the TC88A with an expanded advance curve table (which is not as popular as the default TC88A, the Race Version). The EX version allows setting advance values for lower pressure conditions (10, 12 & 14 In/Hg). However, there does not appear to be much advantage to these settings. Note the following information from Daytona support:
- “From Daytona... Very few engines require additional spark advance below 16 in-Hg manifold pressure. The TC88A uses the 16 In-Hg value for all lower pressures. As further clarification, internal cylinder pressure is so low under these conditions (MAP below 16 in-Hg) that maximum spark advance values near 45 degrees are reasonable for most engine applications. Since 45 degrees is the maximum advance the TC88 series is capable of, there is no reason to complicate the advance tables. Even higher advance values yield little benefit.” <sup>7)</sup>

TC88A-EX Version Install [http://daytona-twintec.com/Content/TC88A/1009-EX\\_Instructions.doc](http://daytona-twintec.com/Content/TC88A/1009-EX_Instructions.doc)

## Dyna S - Electronic Points

The Dyna S Ignition is essentially an electronic version of the breaker points. It senses a magnet (on the rotating shaft) passing by its sensor & triggers the ignition coil.

The Dyna S Ignition relies on an external, mechanical advance for altering the timing in relation to engine RPM.

Dyna-S DS6-1 - Dual Fire Ignition - Has one coil trigger wire (Blue). It fires a dual-coil to produce two sparks at the same time. Therefore, it fires twice in each complete 4-cycle operation - once for the front cylinder (wasted spark to rear cylinder) and once for the rear cylinder (wasted spark to the front cylinder). Remember, it fires twice in each 4-cycle operation and it fires both spark plugs at the same time.

Dyna-S DS6-2 - Single Fire Ignition - Has two control wires (Black (F) & White (R)). It fires two independent coils to produce separate sparks at separate times (even when you use a combination coil with two built-in independent coils). It fires only once on each wire for each complete 4-cycle operation - once for the front cylinder on the compression stroke and then, using the other control wire, it fires the

2nd coil for the rear cylinder when it is in it's compression stroke.

Each type of Dyna-S Ignition uses a different rotor to be compatible with the control pickup plate (single-fire ROTOR is #32-9300 and dual-fire ROTOR is 32-9301). These parts cannot be mixed between the two types.

And, you can't mix a single-fire control with a dual-fire coil nor the other way. That's why they make two types of control modules and several types of coils.

You can set the Static Timing using a multimeter (or test light) connected between ground & the trigger point on the coil for the front cylinder. Rotate the engine until you are on the compression stroke for the front cylinder. Then open the timing hole and look for the FULL ADVANCE mark on the flywheel, placing it in the center of the timing hole. Turn on the ignition. Hold the center rotor in the FULL ADVANCE position, fully counter-clockwise so the weights are at their stops. Now loosen the mounting screws and rotate the Dyna-S timing plate clockwise & counter-clockwise to find the exact point where the meter shows full voltage (or the light is lit brightest). Lock down the mounting screws. The timing should be set very close to correct. (Using a timing light for Dynamic Timing at 2000 RPMs is more accurate.)

The install instructions are here:



Dyna-S DS6-1 [Installation Instructions](#)



Dyna-S DS6-2 [Installation Instructions](#)

- Also DS6-2 with wiring diagram here - <https://www.wwag.com/step/pdf/104729.pdf>

## Dynatek Dyna 2000i - Nosecone ICM

The Dyna 2000i (D2Ki-1p) is a self-contained ignition module meaning the timing sensors are built onto the timing plate, located in the 'nosecone'. The timing rotor cup passes thru the sensors on the back of the timing plate to trigger the ignition module. While this module and the Ultima module are similar in installation & wiring, the selectable internal curve sets are different ([Ultima Module](#)).



## Dyna 2000i Switch Options - OFF(F) or ON(O)

### Sw1 - Mode Selection

F - Typical Setting - Used on most bikes  
O - Retard Mode for Nitrous or Turbo engine

### Sw2 & Sw3 - Choose Curve Selection (sets)

F / F - Adv Curve1 - Most Aggressive  
O / F - Adv Curve2 - Near Stock  
F / O - Adv Curve3 - Slower to reach max  
O / O - Adv Curve4 - Least Aggressive

Each curve set selection consists of two internal curves controlled by the VOES:  
One curve is VOES=ON for Idle/Cruise  
The other curve is VOES=OFF for WOT

### Sw4 & Sw5 - Used as a set for RPM Limit

F / F - 6000 RPM for stock engine  
O / F - 6500 RPM modified street engine  
F / O - 7000 RPM race engine - be careful  
O / O - 7500 RPM race engine - be careful

### Sw6 - Coil Trigger Control

F - Dual-Fire Coil Control - One Trigger Signal  
O - Single-Fire Coil Control - Two Separate Triggers



### RED LED - Status Indicator

-> **Used to set Reference Timing at TDC**

At Power ON, should blink for 1/4 second  
Rapid Blinking (Engine NOT Running) = a fault occurred  
Reset after faults - Turn power off for 1-2 seconds  
Blinking (Engine Running) = Normal Coil Triggers

### GREEN LED - VOES/RTD Indicator

Indicates the status of the VOES/RTD input signal wire.  
For VOES, when ON, the input signal line is grounded, indicating use of the more Advanced Curve.

These nosecone units can be installed in Sportsters models from the Ironheads up thru 2003 EVOs, including those which originally had mechanical points, external ECMs with a Cam Sensor Plate and those models (1998-2003) which had an OEM nosecone ignition.

NOTE - The module expects to see 3-ohm primary coil resistance (2.5-3.5) for any of the configurations.

The Dyna 2000i unit triggers the coil primary circuit - either as a dual-fire system (two sparks per one trigger) or a single-fire system (two separate sparks by two separate trigger signals). The proper coil must be used to match either a dual-fire or single-fire system. The module also has an output for a tachometer and has an input for using a VOES (which is recommended for street bikes) to alter the spark timing during idle & cruising.

Product Information for the D2Ki-1p is [HERE](#).

The install instructions (2801103 Rev. C version) from Dynatek are [HERE](#). Also [HERE](#). Older install instructions are [HERE](#).

You may want to read the discussion about the curves & VOES in this [XLForum thread](#).

An example of using the D2Ki module to replace the 1998-2003 1200S ignition can be seen [HERE](#).

**NOTE:** In the Dyna FAQ<sup>9)</sup>, it says this:

“Can I kick start my motor with the 2000i installed? How?

... Yes, but it will require reprogramming the dead revs back to zero (0). Out of the box, the 2000i has 3 dead revs like a stock Harley-Davidson System. This is also a benefit for high compression motors using an electric starter. The kick must not start on the compression stroke (sensor in the window on the cup). Stopping 'in the window' will execute the soft turn off. The leading AND trailing edges of the window must be seen by the 2000i to make a spark.”

The 'soft turn off' of the module, when the sensor is 'in the window', is designed to prevent the coil from oversaturation from a constant grounded trigger signal. On a points system, oversaturation of the coil (burning it up) can occur if/when the keyswitch is on, the engine is not rotating and the coil is being energized by the points grounding the coil.

## Dynatek DSPT-1 ICM

The DSPT-1 is designed to be used on the 2004-2005-2006 carbureted Sportsters. It plugs into the stock Ignition Control Module harness connector, uses the stock sensors and communicates with the instruments thru the standard Serial Data Bus (J1850 data bus). This ICM is only configured with the switches and is not computer programmable.

PSEBYL of the XLForum created a review of the DSPT-1 Module on his 883.

**His thread is here:**

<https://www.xlforum.net/forum/sportster-motorcycle-buell-motorcycle-forum-general-discussion/product-reviews/37408-review-dynatek-dspt-1-ignition-module?t=73957>

His overview included this info:

The DSPT-1 has 16 user selectable advance curves in 4 separate groups, using 1 rotary switch:

Group A) 4 curves for stock motors.

Group B) 4 curves for high torque motors (>1 ft. lb. per c. i. @ 2-4K RPM).

Group C) 4 curves for turbo and nitrous applications only.

Group X) The 4th group of 4 curves is described as retard curves, which Dynatek neither defines nor even mentions using in their instructions.

The first 12 curves are named for their timing value at WOT (for example, 34A = 34 degrees of advance at WOT, group A). The procedure is to use the highest advance curve, in the appropriate group, without pinging. (However, other techs suggest using a max of 28° of advance for built motors because pinging starts happening before you hear it. So, it may be better to use curve 28b or other less aggressive curves.)

The other rotary switch adjusts for 8 different RPM limits ranging from 6250 to 8500rpm, in 250rpm increments.

The following pictures are from xlSleeper on the XLForum.

**His thread is here:**

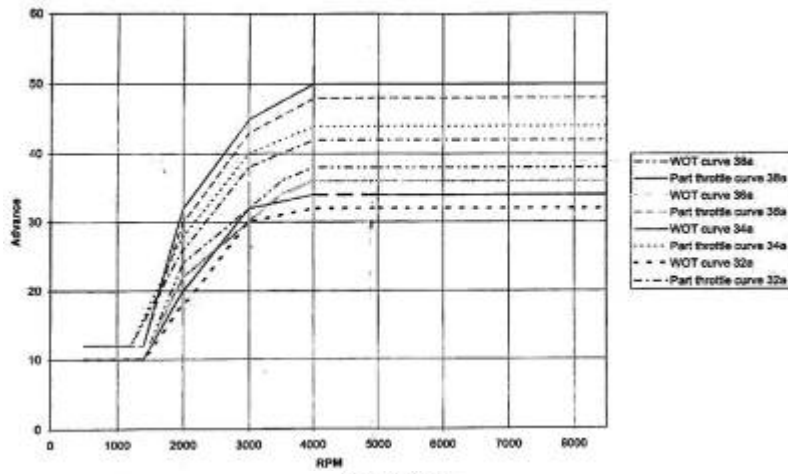
<https://www.xlforum.net/forum/sportster-motorcycle-forum/sportster-motorcycle-motor-engine/sportster->



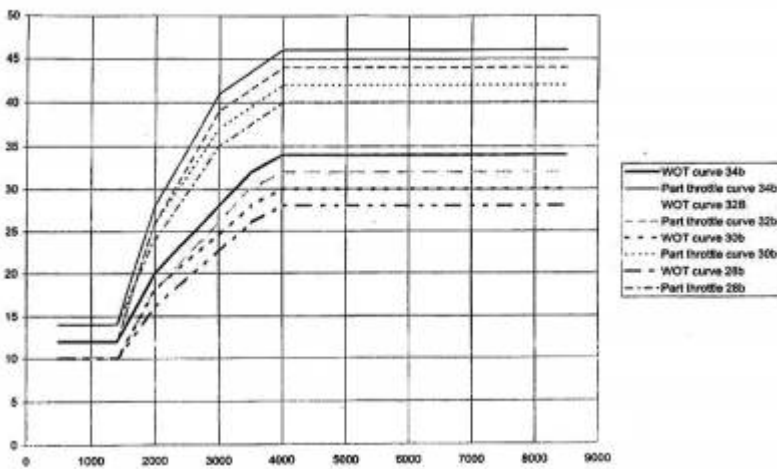
motorcycle-motor-top-end/121597-my-1250-build?t=1191285

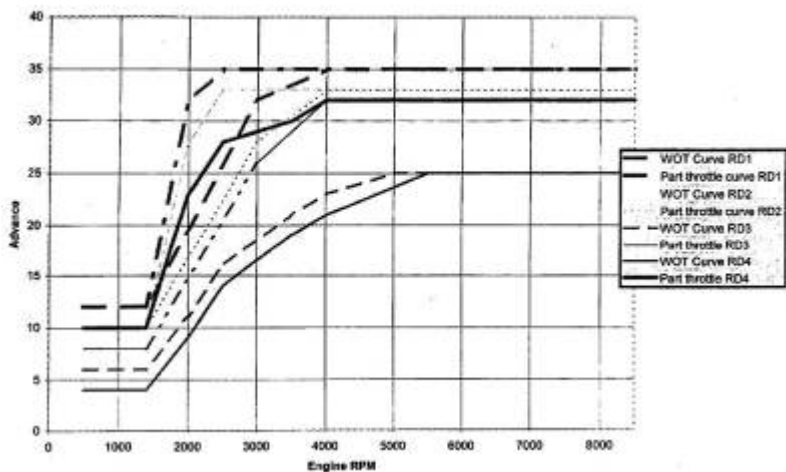
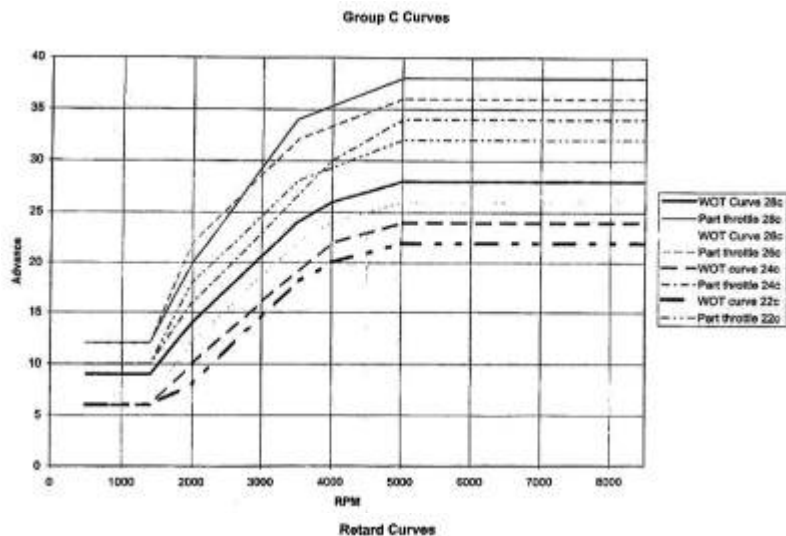


Group A Curves



Group B Curves





**Installation/Setup Manual PDF:** <https://zodiac.nl/docs/instructions/730603.pdf>

Application Note: When used on the 2006 models, the speedometer reading may be off due to the change to HCR gears in the transmission, causing the VSS value to be higher than on 2004-2005 models. The DSPT-1 does not have an adjustable VSS value.

## S&S HI-4N ICM

The S&S HI-4N is a nosecone ignition module.

[Install Instructions 510-0277 \(12-15-14\) PDF](#)

The MODE SWITCH will select the following configurations:

Single-Fire for electric start models:

- 0 Single Spark, Race Curve
- 1 Single Spark, OE Curve
- 2 Multi Spark, Race Curve
- 3 Multi Spark, OE Curve

Dual-Fire for electric start models:

- 4 Single Spark, Race Curve
- 5 Single Spark, OE Curve
- 6 Multi Spark, Race Curve
- 7 Multi Spark, OE Curve

For Kick Start Bikes (uses OEM curve with Single Spark):

- 8 Single Fire
- 9 Dual Fire



The ADVANCE RATE Switch provides selectable curves from 0 to 9, with 0 being the least aggressive ignition timing curve and 9 being the most aggressive (gets to maximum advance quickest). Setting 4 or 5 is thus a mid-point selection.

The RPM LIMIT Switches will select a maximum rev limit. Using the two switches, it can select a limit at 1500rpms upto 7500rpms. It is recommended to not set the limit below 1500rpms or above 7500rpms.

Note: S&S bought the Crane Cams company in April of 2009<sup>11)</sup> and began relabelling the previous Crane HI-4N. Shown above is the Crane version (identified as 8-6100) installed in a '73 Ironhead Sportster.

## Ultima - Nosecone ICM

The Ultima Ignition Unit (53-644) is very similar to the Dynatek 2000i product (although the programmed curves appear to be different). It is a self-contained ignition module meaning the timing sensors are built onto the same timing plate, located in the 'nosecone'. The timing rotor cup passes thru the sensors on the back of the timing plate to trigger the ignition module.

These nosecone units can be installed in pre-2004 model Sportsters, including those which originally had mechanical points, external ECMs with a Cam Sensor Plate and those models (1998-2003) which had an OEM nosecone ignition.

**NOTE** - The module expects to see 3-ohm primary coil resistance (2.5-3.5) for any of the configurations.

The Ultima unit triggers the coil primary circuit - either as a dual-fire system (one trigger) or a single-fire system (two trigger signals). It also has an output for a tachometer and it has an input for using a VOES (which is recommended) to alter the spark timing during idle & cruising.

The install instructions are here: Ultima 53-644 [Installation Instructions \(2012 version\)](#)

**Ultima 53-644 Switch Options - OFF(F) or ON(O)**

**Sw1 - Mode Selection**

F - Typical Setting - Used on most bikes  
 O - Retard Mode for Nitrous or Turbo engine

**Sw2 & Sw3 - Used as a set for Curve Selection**

F / F - Adv Curve1 - Most Aggressive - Fast/HighestFinal  
 O / F - Adv Curve2  
 F / O - Adv Curve3  
 O / O - Adv Curve4 - Least Aggressive - Slow/LowestFinal

Each curve set selection consists of two internal curves controlled by the VOES:  
 One curve is VOES=ON for Idle/Cruise  
 The other curve is VOES=OFF for WOT

**Sw4 & Sw5 - Used as a set for RPM Limit**

F / F - 5500 RPM for Stock BT Engine  
 O / F - 6000 RPM Stock Sportster  
 F / O - 6500 RPM modified engine - be careful  
 O / O - 7000 RPM race engine - be careful

**Sw6 - Coil Trigger Control**

F - Dual-Fire Coil Control - One Trigger Signal  
 O - Single-Fire Coil Control - Two Separate Triggers



12)

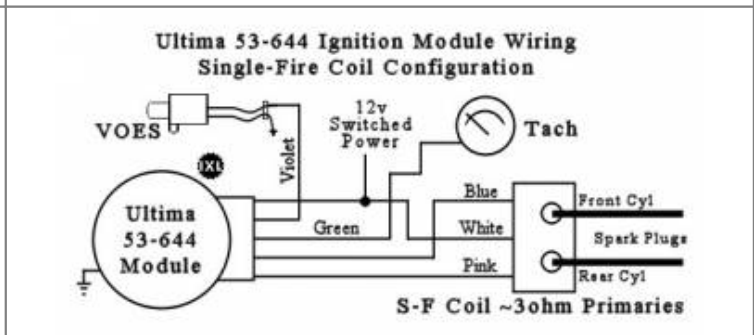
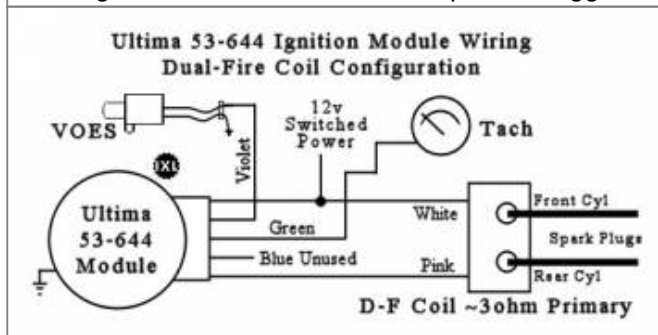
**RED LED - Status Indicator**

-> Used to set Reference Timing at TDC

At Power ON, should blink for 1/4 second  
 Rapid Blinking (Engine NOT Running) = a fault occurred  
 Reset after faults - Turn power off for 1-2 seconds  
 Blinking (Engine Running) = Normal Coil Triggers

**GREEN LED - Status Indicator**

Indicates the status of the VOES/RTD input signal.  
 For VOES, when ON, the input signal line is grounded, indicating use of the more Advanced Curve.



**Discussions of Using the Ultima Module on Ironhead Sportsters (and Kick-Only)**

Ultima offers (as of 2023) two versions of the 53-644 Ignition Module. The standard version has a 3-dead-rev programming to meet the needs of most EVO engines. This is reprogrammable as needed. It also offers a model 53-644K version which is supplied already programmed for 0-dead-revs for better starting on Kicker models.

According to Ultima, the ignition module included in the ignition kit identified as 53-660 (which includes the module, proper coil, proper timing cup, spark plug wires & misc parts) has been pre-programmed to 0-dead-revs, which is compatible with kick-only Sportsters. It is a very complete conversion kit.<sup>13)</sup>

For an example of an install on an Ironhead, see this thread:



<https://www.xlforum.net/forum/sportster-motorcycle-forum/sportster-motorcycle-era-specific-and-model-specific/ironhead-sportster-motorcycle-talk-1957-1985/162717-quick-ultima-question?t=1747557>

Other similar discussion threads about the Ultima module.

<https://www.xlforum.net/forum/sportster-motorcycle-forum/sportster-motorcycle-era-specific-and-model-specific/ironhead-sportster-motorcycle-talk-1957-1985/123464-ultima-digital-ignition-questions-for-those-running-it?t=1223921>

<https://www.xlforum.net/forum/sportster-motorcycle-forum/sportster-motorcycle-era-specific-and-model-specific/ironhead-sportster-motorcycle-talk-1957-1985/205213-broke-down-and-ordered-an-ultima-ignition-kit?t=2082634>

## Programming the Ultima, Dyna & Dynatek Modules

These links should be instructive:

Mfg Product Info - Website

[Dyna 2000i Product Information](#)

### Various Programming Kits

- [DIPK-1 is a SERIAL-PORT programming cable kit \(Mates with PH-1 for programming\)\(Instructions PDF\)](#)
- [PH-1 is the ON-BIKE harness kit \(Instructions PDF\)](#)
- [DIPK-7 - A new USB-PORT Adapter programming cable kit \(that mates with PH-1 for programming\)](#)
  - [USB Adapter Windows Software Driver \(EXE File\)](#)

Programming Software Download ([Menu](#))

[Curvemaker Software Download](#)

[Frequently Asked Questions at Dynaonline.com](#)

Check eBay for Aftermarket Programming Cable for Dyna 2000i / 2000P / Ultima (was 332638037964)

[Another Dyna Information Link in the UK](#)

### Go To Technical Menu

1)

<https://www.xlforum.net/forum/sportster-motorcycle-forum/sportster-motorcycle-electrical/sportster-motorcycle-electrical-and-ignition/132778-daytona-tc88a-do-your-own-mapping-tips-questions?t=1422868+Post#15>

2)

photo by Hippysmack

3)

<https://www.xlforum.net/forum/sportster-motorcycle-forum/sportster-motorcycle-electrical/sportster-moto>

[rcycle-electrical-and-ignition/153340-a-timing-question?t=1650461+Post#12](#)

4)

TSB 562A mentions info related to weights & timing -

<http://sportsterpedia.com/lib/exe/fetch.php/pdf-bulletin:tsb0562a.pdf>

5)

aswracing Post#18 -

<https://www.xlforum.net/forum/sportster-motorcycle-forum/sportster-motorcycle-electrical/sportster-motorcycle-electrical-and-ignition/132853-timing-question-on-a-1250-conversion?t=1423947>

6)

<https://www.xlforum.net/forum/sportster-motorcycle-forum/sportster-motorcycle-electrical/sportster-motorcycle-electrical-and-ignition/132778-daytona-tc88a-do-your-own-mapping-tips-questions?t=1422868+Post#27>

7)

60Gunner at

<https://www.xlforum.net/forum/sportster-motorcycle-forum/sportster-motorcycle-electrical/sportster-motorcycle-electrical-and-ignition/132778-daytona-tc88a-do-your-own-mapping-tips-questions/page17?postcount=251#post4369483>

8)

Pic by jordan1200 -

<https://www.xlforum.net/forum/sportster-motorcycle-forum/sportster-motorcycle-electrical/sportster-motorcycle-electrical-and-ignition/193542-dynamic-timing-the-2000i?t=2069595>

9)

<https://www.dynaonline.com/faqs>

10)

Pic from Doug Funny -

<https://www.xlforum.net/forum/sportster-motorcycle-forum/sportster-motorcycle-era-specific-and-model-specific/ironhead-sportster-motorcycle-talk-1957-1985/163044-timing-issues-with-crane-hi-4n?t=1751610>

11)

<https://www.aftermarketnews.com/crane-cams-back-in-business-under-new-ownership>

12)

Pics by Blowby & Static of the XLForum.net

13)

Jeff in Post#57 -

<https://www.xlforum.net/forum/sportster-motorcycle-forum/sportster-motorcycle-era-specific-and-model-specific/ironhead-sportster-motorcycle-talk-1957-1985/205213-broke-down-and-ordered-an-ultimate-ignition-kit?t=2082634>

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